

## MODERNISM WILL BE AN ISSUE IN CHOICE OF POPE

College of Cardinals Has Two Groups  
Each With Varying Ideas as to  
Policy to Pursue.

### POPE'S SISTER NOT DEAD

Faction Led by De Lai and Others  
Wishes to Continue Policy of Pius  
X; Another Group of Cardinals Led  
by Maffi et al Wish to Move in Di-  
rection of Modernism.

ROME, Aug. 22.—The pope's body again lay in state until four p. m. when it was returned to the temporary tomb in St. Peter's with solemn ceremonies. Anna Sarfo, the pope's sister has completely recovered from the shock of her brother's death. Her health was never endangered. The choice of a successor to Pius hinges on the question of modernism, it is believed. Pius was an anti-modernist.

Among the members of the sacred college the faction headed by Cardinals De Lai, Billot, Sevin and Dubillard favor the continuation of the late supreme pontiff's policies. Another group, led by Cardinals Marri, Ferrarri and Gasparri support change in the direction of modernism.

## WISHART KILLED DURING GREAT RACE

DE PALMA WON ELGIN MEET;  
PULLEN, SECOND; OLDFIELD,  
THIRD; WISHART HIT  
HENNING'S.

ELGIN, Ill., Aug. 22.—Driver Spencer Wishart was internally injured and his left leg broken, when the hubcap of his machine struck Henning's car, leaped twenty-five feet into the air, jumped a ditch and plunged a hundred feet into a tree. He died at a hospital shortly afterward. His wife witnessed the accident. Mechanic Jenter's left arm was nearly severed from his body but it is believed he can recover. Five spectators were painfully hurt.

Wishart's chest was so badly crushed that when picked up four ribs were protruding through his skin.

De Palma won the automobile race; Pullen, second; Oldfield, third. The distance was three hundred and one miles. De Palma's time was four hours six minutes and eighteen seconds.

### DUTCH TROOPS MARCH TO GUARD FRONTIER

FLUSHING, Holland, Aug. 22.—Dutch troops were being concentrated today in the provinces of Zeeland and Dutch Brabant, on both sides of the Scheldt, to enforce neutrality in the event of a German attack on Antwerp.

The city is about 10 miles from the frontier, but its outer fortifications, on the north, are but a mile and a half from it. An attack on them would almost inevitably mean a violation of Dutch territory.

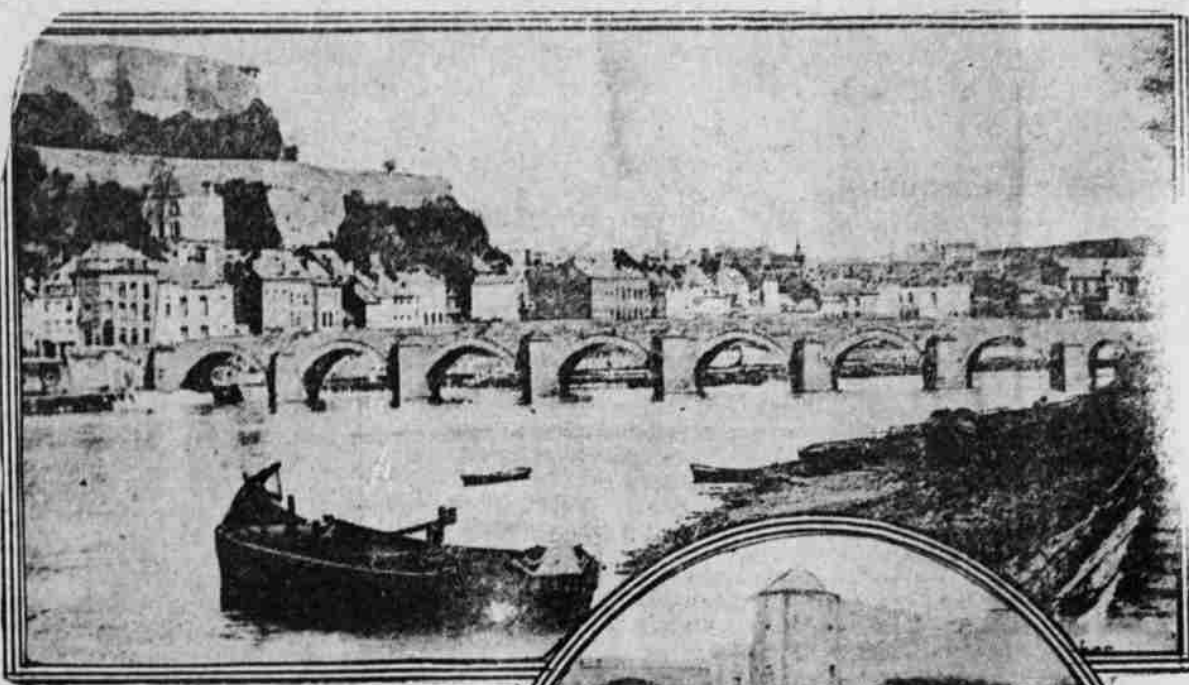
The closing of the Scheldt, which might be incidental to such an attack, would also constitute an infringement of Dutch neutrality, but British warships were depended on to guard against this.

### LOCAL WHEAT MARKET LOOKS UP SAY BUYERS

Indications are that the local grain market, closed since the first of the month by the war, is about to reopen again. Several local buyers have received word from their companies that wheat in limited quantities would be acceptable soon but as yet no quotations have been made.

The fact that several cargoes have been shipped out of Portland and San Francisco recently, due to receiving war risks to Great Britain, points toward the resumption of operations. Inasmuch as most of the exporters had bought up considerable grain previous to the war and had it on hand either at the ports or in the interior warehouses, it is expected that the buying will not be done on a heavy scale at first.

### BRIDGE GERMANS MUST CROSS AT NAMUR AND HIGH FORT ABOVE IT



These photographs show Namur, one of the Belgium cities around which the soldiers engaged in the European war have fought for several days. To enter the city the Germans must cross the bridge protected by a citadel high on the hill above. It is not, however, believed that this fortification is strong and it may not stand modern guns. Military experts insist the city must be taken by the Germans before they can continue their march on to Paris.

## WAR BULLETINS

Getting Close to France.  
PARIS, Aug. 22.—German cavalry are reported sighted at Oudenarde, in the extreme northwest of Belgium, twenty-five miles from Lille, France.

Austrian Battleship Gone.  
PARIS, Aug. 22.—It is reliably reported that the Austrian battleship Zrinyi was blown up during a bombardment at Antivari, Montenegro. The war office announced. The war office stated the Germans shot the burgomaster and several prominent citizens at Aerschot, Belgium.

Fighting Off Brazil.  
WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—Rio Janeiro dispatches to the state department declared the British cruiser Glasgow captured the German steamer Santa Katarina and that the German cruiser Dresden sunk the British ship Hyades.

Germans Burned Town.  
ROTTERDAM, Aug. 22.—Citizens of Roermond, Belgium, having fled on the 19th, the latter compelled the entire population to march two miles outside of town, holding their hands above their heads, then burned the place. The inhabitants took refuge in Holland.

Italy May Mobilize.  
ROME, Aug. 22.—Orders for a general army and navy mobilization for home defense is reported to be drafted and signed. The report is unconfirmed.

Germans Gained Victory.  
WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—The German embassy received a foreign cablegram from Berlin via New York saying: "Germans gained an important victory between Metz and Vosges Monday." It gave no details.

CETTINJE, Aug. 22.—Austrians were repulsed heavily in an all day attack Friday on the Serbian position at Grahovo, it is announced.

Protest Explosive Bullets.  
Paris, Aug. 22.—The war office has announced a formal protest will be sent the powers signatory to the Hague convention against the alleged use of explosive bullets by the Germans.

### SWISS ARE ON GUARD AGAINST AUSTRIANS

BERNE, Switzerland, Aug. 22.—Swiss troops were keeping a very close watch today on the Austrian force concentrating in the Tyrol near the international frontier.

It was the general opinion that they were gathering with a view to hostilities with Italy, but due weight was given to the possibility that they might be intended further to strengthen the Germans in Alsace, in which case a march along the Swiss-German border would be involved, perhaps attended, as happened in some instances when the Duke of Tuscany's forces made the same journey recently, with violations of Switzerland's neutrality.

Whether on the French, the German, the Austrian or the Italian slopes of the Alps the Swiss were determined to resist any further invasions of their territory with force.

### BRYAN MAKES STAND OF UNITED STATES CLEAR

WE WILL BE STRICTLY NEUTRAL  
IF JAPAN AND GERMANY  
GO TO WAR.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—Bryan has announced officially the United States has made clear its position to Japan in the event of war between Japan and Germany. The notice, Bryan said, voiced the American's intention to keep hands off. It is expected the Japanese charge d'affaires in Berlin will ask for his passports at the expiration of the time limit fixed in the ultimatum. Official word of Germany's attitude is not expected before tomorrow. American's note to Japan emphasized the president's desire to avoid anything savoring of partiality.

Japanese Ambassador Chinda has arranged for Bryan to transmit a note to Germany in event of a war declaration. It is intimated the purpose of the note is merely to care for certain details in Berlin if the Japanese ultimatum is rejected.

Soon the citizens must withdraw their eyes from the war maps to study primary ballots if they hope to defeat the enemy at home.

## NEWS SUMMARY

### General.

Germans pressing hard against allies; French await attack.  
English hear of German successes fear airship invasion.

Russia pressing forward has great army on Austrian border.

Election of pope involves issue of modernism.

English buying oats in Pacific northwest.

Cruiser Leposig again seen off of coast of California.

Villa reported to be heading new revolt.

### Local.

Mayor Matlock critically ill; slightly better today.

Clarence Ulrich almost asphyxiated when repairing gas leak.

Last half of taxes with pentday due in few days.

Inspection of scales and measures saves citizens of county much money.

Indications point to reopening of wheat market.

### STILL CLAIMING VILLA WILL HAVE NEW REVOLT

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—Advises received by the constitutionalist agency that Villa has launched a counter revolt against Carranza has worried the American officials. According to state department estimates Villa's force comprises forty thousand men and this army is said to be in readiness to move against Mexico City immediately.

### Belgium Makes Complaint.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—A formal protest against Germany's violation of Belgium's neutrality was lodged with Bryan by Belgian Minister Haverth. "Every man in Belgium," Haverth told Bryan, "will resist Germany's action until the last one is dead."

### KAISER AND GEN. VON MOLTKE IN FIELD AND INFANTRY IN RIFLE PITS



In the insert picture Emperor William of Germany is seen at the left and his military advisor Gen. von Moltke at the right. The Kaiser is

## RUSSIA CLAIMS TO BE WINNING OVER GERMAN AUSTRIANS

Army of Czar Now on Offensive All  
Along Borders of Both Hostile  
Countries, Cavalry Leading.

### SAY ENEMY WAS REPULSED

While Germans Are Busy in Belgium  
Enemies From East Gather Forces  
to Descend on Fatherland—Ad-  
vance Guards Have Gone 50 Miles  
Across Frontier of Austria.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 22.—The main Russian army is thirty-five miles within the Austrian frontier on its way to Lemberg, it is officially announced.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 22.—The entire Russian army is now taking the offensive all along the German and Austrian frontiers, the war office has announced. Both German and Austrian troops, it is stated have been repulsed in many places.

"The Russians already hold much of the German border," the statement said, "and in some places in Austria the Russian advance guard is more than fifty miles inside the frontier." A cavalry invasion of Austria, it is added has been in progress for several days.

### LEIPSIG IS S THE ANIA COAST

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 22.—A three stack ship answering the German cruiser Leipzig's description is reported by the steamer Yucatan in from Portland, as lying off Point Arena at eleven p. m. Friday noon the safety of the British steamship Moana, which sailed Thursday for Australia is considered assured for the time at least.

### SERVIANS CLAIM AUSTRIA LOST 25,000 IN BATTLE

NISH, Serbia, Aug. 22.—Servians are still pursuing the retreating Austrian force they defeated in a three days' battle fought on the banks of the River Drina early in the week. They are making every effort to completely shatter the beaten army. The Austrian losses are placed at twenty-five thousand killed, wounded and captured.

### JAPANS ULTIMATUM EXPIRES SUNDAY EVE

LONDON, Aug. 22.—Japan's ultimatum to Germany calling for the surrender of Kiao Chau will expire Sunday noon, Tokio time, the Japanese embassy announced. This will be seven p. m. Sunday, Pacific coast time. The embassy received no intimation concerning the German reply.

## ENGLISH FEAR GERMANS MAY MAKE AIR RAID ON ISLAND WITH ZEPPELINS

LONDON, Aug. 22.—Reports of Ostend's capture by the Germans are generally believed. The Times and Post expressed a fear of an air raid upon England by the German Zeppelins. The war office did not think the attempt likely.

A warning that the allies are about to receive the brunt of the German attack reached the London Telegraph from its correspondent at Givet, on the French frontier. "The Germans are advancing like a tidal flood," he said, "all signs point to a conflict between the contending armies along a front twenty miles long."

Though it is admitted the report is possibly true the official war news bureau announced tonight it has not received official notification of the occupation of Ghent, Bruges, and Ostend by the German cavalry and artillery. The Hague, Paris and Rotterdam newspapers carried the story in considerable detail.

Cable communication with Ostend has been interrupted since ten this morning. It is accepted as proof the Germans had occupied the city.

The objective point of the German force in Southern Belgium is believed to be Maubeuge, a French town ten miles from the frontier. To the northward, having taken Brussels, the Germans were near Ghent. It is

believed they mean to occupy Ostend.

British military experts admit they are deeply concerned over the situation in Belgium. It is conceded the Germans are completely overrunning the northern part of that country and that the French outposts are retreating before the invaders to the southward. Namur is isolated. Officials admit the fight is increasing in volume and the allies' resources may be strained to the utmost to check the German advance.

## GERMANS PRESS HARD AGAINST FOES FRENCH AWAIT THEM

While Heavy Artillery Shell Namur  
Forts General Movement Under-  
way Toward France.

### EXPECT NAMUR TO HOLD OUT

Paris Report Indicates Allies Expect  
Soon to Feel Full Force of Ger-  
man Attack—Overwhelming Num-  
bers Cause French to Retire from  
Alsace—Lorraine.

PARIS, Aug. 22.—Practically unopposed the Germans are sweeping on Ostend in force and they are pressing along both banks of the River Meuse. Indications were preparations are made for a heavy assault immediately on the allies' lines.

It is rumored all the allies have withdrawn to fortified positions within the French frontier.

General Demare who commanded the Belgians at Liege is reported to be a German prisoner of war.

will soon feel the full German strength is admitted by the war office. It is owned too, the Germans' overwhelming numerical superiority is compelling the French to retire from Lorraine, abandoning the hope of flanking the Kaiser's Moselle army. The censorship is growing more severe daily.

"The German heavy artillery is keeping up a constant fire on the Namur forts," the war office announced. "Belgian cannon are replying effectively. There is no danger of Namur's capture. It's forts are far stronger than those at Liege. They have ample supplies, provisions and ammunition. The Germans crossed the Meuse, constructing a score of bridges for the purpose. The Belgian defense has vastly helped the French armies now awaiting the German advance."

After leaving a large force behind to besiege the Namur fortifications it is believed the Germans are already striking hard at the French lines, though no definite news of an engagement is made public. The army of the Meuse and the first and second armies of Moselle are participating in a general movement. The government admitted the Germans have assumed the offensive in Alsace and Lorraine.

## FIGHTING SO FAR ONLY PRELUDE TO MAIN ENGAGEMENT

LONDON, Aug. 22.—"Neither side can claim as yet a decisive victory," the official war bureau has announced. "The French continue to gain ground in Alsace while the Germans have forced a large part of the Belgian army to retire to Antwerp but the big problem to the present war is still unsettled. The preliminary skirmishing has simply been a prelude to the larger task when the main armies meet."

### England Buying Oats in N'west

PORTLAND, Aug. 22.—On account of the war the British government through Canadian interests is buying heavy supplies of oats in the Pacific northwest. The buying has already advanced prices at interior points two to three dollars a ton. The oats will be routed through Canada to England.

### Relief Money Now Obtained

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—About a million and a half is deposited in government departments for the relief of Americans abroad and will be distributed immediately, according to an announcement by the national relief board. Arrangements are completed, it is said, for the Bank of England to make payments in gold to Americans with the proper credentials. These payments will be made against deposits made with its branch in Canada.